

SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



Kurumbapalayam(Po), Coimbatore – 641 107
Accredited by NAAC-UGC with 'A' Grade
Approved by AICTE, Recognized by UGC & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

Department of Artificial Intelligence and
Data Science
Course Name - Big Data Analytics

III Year / V Semester

Unit 1 – Introduction

Topic: Evolution of Big Data





What is Big Data?

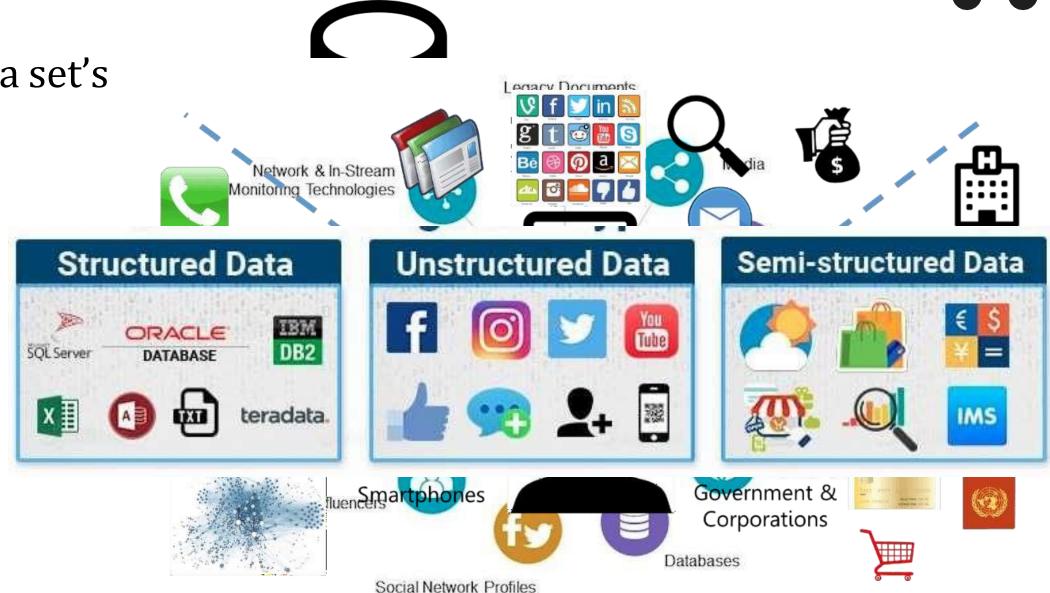
INSTITUTIONS

• Larger or Voluminous, Complex data set's

From different sources

Different Types

Traditional Database cant handle it.





What is Big Data Analytics?

• Gathering Data

Storing

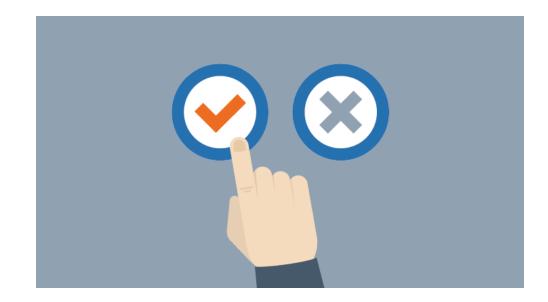
Analyzing or Processing

Get Useful Business Intelligence

To make better decisions for business growth.











1980 - 2000

- WWW
- DBMS
- OLAP
- Dashboard & Score cards
- Data Mining & statistical analysis







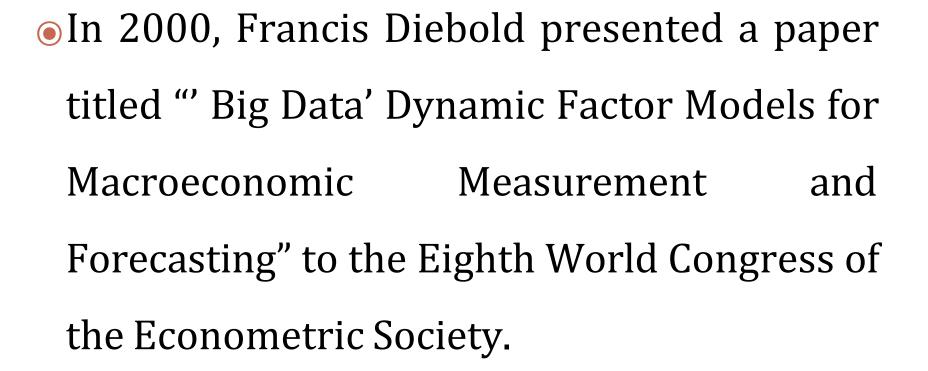






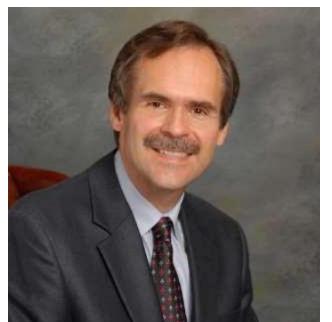


- Big Data Coined by John Mashey in 1998
- Big Data... and the Next Wave of Infrastress









"Big Data' Dynamic Factor Models for Macroeconomic Measurement and Forecasting"
(Discussion of Reichlin and Watson papers), in M. Dewatripoet, L.P. Hansen and S. Tumovsky (Eds.),
Advances in Economics and Econometrics, Eighth World Congress of the Econometric Society
Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 115-122.

"Big Data" Dynamic Factor Models for Macroeconomic Measurement and Forecasting

Francis X. Diebold

University of Pennsylvania and NBER

> First Version, July 2000 November 28, 2000





2000 - 2010

- Doug Laney in 2001 coined 3 V's
- Analyst with the Meta Group (Gartner),
- "3D Data Management: Controlling Data Volume, Velocity, and Variety."

• The 3V's have become the most accepted dimensions for defining big data.





3D Data Management: Controlling Data Volume, Velocity, and Variety. Current business conditions and mediums are pushing traditional data management principles to their limits, giving rise to novel, more

META Trend: During 2001/02, leading enterprises will increasingly use a centralized data warehouse to defin

The effect of the e-commerce surge, a rise in tional analytical and collaborative consistencies, changthe drive for harnessing information as a competitive catalyst is driving enterprises to higher levels of consciousness about how data is managed at its most basic level, In 2001/02, historical, integrated databases (e.g., organizations must compile various approaches to data watchouses, operational data stores, data marts), have at their disposal for dealing with each. will be leveraged not only for intended analytical purposes, but increasingly for intra-enterprise Data Volume. E-commerce channels increase the onsistency/coordination. By 2003/04, these strucpar with application portfolios, organization charts, enables an enterprise to offer its goods or services to more and procedure manuals for defining a business to its individuals or trading partners, and up to 10x the quantity employees and affiliates. Data records, data structures, and definitions commonly accepted throughout an enterprise reduce fieldoms pulling against each other due to differences in the way each perceives where the as a tangible asset, they become reluctant to discard it. enterprise has been, is presently, and is headed. Readily accessible current/historical records of transactions, affiliates (partners, employees, customers, suppliers), and business processes (or rules), along with defini-7 Aug 2000) enable employees to paddle in the same alternates/supplements to hanging new disk include: direction. Conversely, application-specific data stores . Implementing tiered storage systems (see SIS Delta (e.g., accounts receivable versus order status), geographicspecific data stores (e.g., North American sales vs. International sales), offer conflicting or insular views of the enterprise that, while important for feeding transactional systems, provide no "single version of the truth," giving rise to inconsistency in the way enterprise factions function,

While enterprises struggle to consolidate systems and

difficult. E-commerce, in particular, has exploded data

depth/breadth of data available about a transaction (or tures (including their associated metadata) will be on any point of interaction). The lower cost of e-channels of data about an individual transaction may be collected aged. Furthermore, as enterprises come to see information Typically, increases in data volume are handled by purchasing additional online storage. However, as data volume increases, the relative value of each data point decreases proportionately - resulting in a poor financial justificational and navigational metadata (see ADS Delta 896, tion for merely incrementing online storage. Viable

> 860, 19 Apr 2000) that cost-effectively balance levels of data utility with data availability using various media

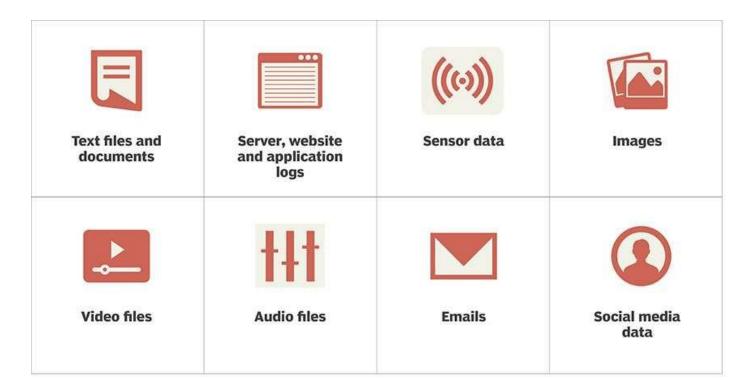
climate of e-commerce, and greater need for







- Web Based Unstructured Content
- Information retrieval and extraction
- Opinion Mining
- Web Analytics
- Social Media Analysis
- Social Network Analysis
- Web traffic and online stores







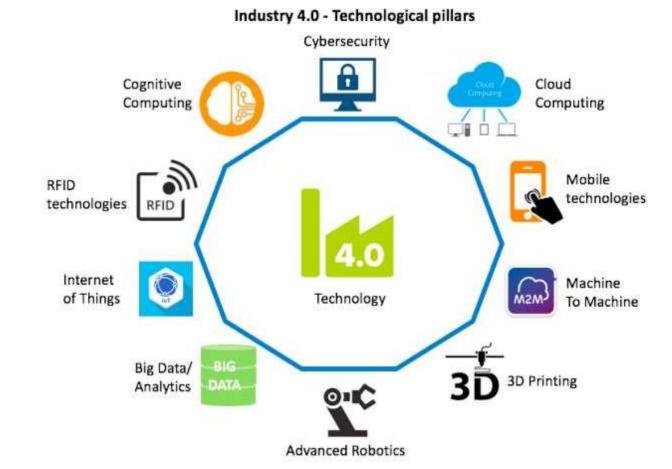


2010 - Present

- Mobile data
 - Location based data
 - Behavioral data
- IoT with Sensors
- Industry 4.0
- AI, Cognitive Computing











THANK YOU