UNIT 5:

1. In your test automation project, you encounter a web page with dynamic elements that change their properties or IDs every time the page loads. How would you handle these dynamic elements in your test automation scripts?

Solution:

- 1. Use Stable Locators:
 - Relative Locators: Use relative locators (e.g., finding elements based on their position relative to other elements) instead of relying on IDs or classes that change dynamically.
 - XPath/CSS Selectors: Use XPath or CSS selectors that are resilient to changes in the element's properties. For example, use attributes that are less likely to change, like text or hierarchical structure.
- 2. Implement Explicit Waits:
 - WebDriverWait: Use explicit waits to wait for elements to become present, visible, or clickable before interacting with them. This approach helps handle elements that load dynamically.

2. You want to implement data-driven testing for a login functionality where the input data (username and password) varies. How would you design and implement a data-driven test?

Solution:

- 1. Prepare Test Data:
 - Store test data in an external file, such as an Excel sheet, CSV file, or JSON file.

2. Read Data in Test Scripts:

- Use libraries to read data from the file and iterate through it to run tests with different data sets.
- 3. Implement Data-Driven Test:

- Example Using Python + Selenium + CSV File:
- CSV File (data.csv)
- username,password
- testuser1,securepass1
- testuser2,securepass2
- testuser3,securepass3

3.Your test automation suite is growing, and maintaining the scripts has become challenging. What strategies would you use to manage and maintain your test scripts effectively?

Solution:

- **1. Modularize Test Scripts:**
 - Reusable Components: Break down test scripts into reusable functions or methods. For example, create separate functions for login, registration, and other common actions.
- 2. Use Page Object Model (POM):
 - Encapsulation: Implement Page Object Model to separate test logic from page-specific locators and actions. This makes it easier to update locators and interactions when the UI changes.
- 3. Implement Version Control:
 - Source Control: Use version control systems like Git to manage changes to test scripts and collaborate with team members.
- 4. Regularly Review and Refactor:
 - Code Reviews: Periodically review and refactor test scripts to remove redundancy and improve maintainability.
- 5. Use Test Automation Frameworks:
 - Frameworks: Implement test automation frameworks (e.g., TestNG for Java, Pytest for Python) that provide structure and best practices for organizing and executing tests.