

SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore – 641 107

AN AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTION

Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

Department of Mechanical Engineering

19BY701 - BIOLOGY FOR ENGINEERS

UNIT -1 | INTRODUCTION TO LIFE

Prepared by

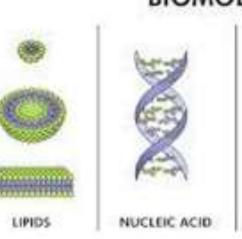
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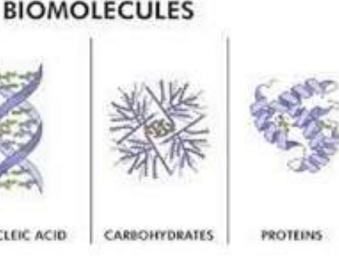




BIOMOLECULES

- biomolecule, also called biological molecule, any of numerous substances that are produced by cells and living organisms.
- Biomolecules have a wide range of sizes and structures and perform a vast array of functions.
- The four major types of biomolecules are carbohydrates, lipids, nucleic acids, and proteins.



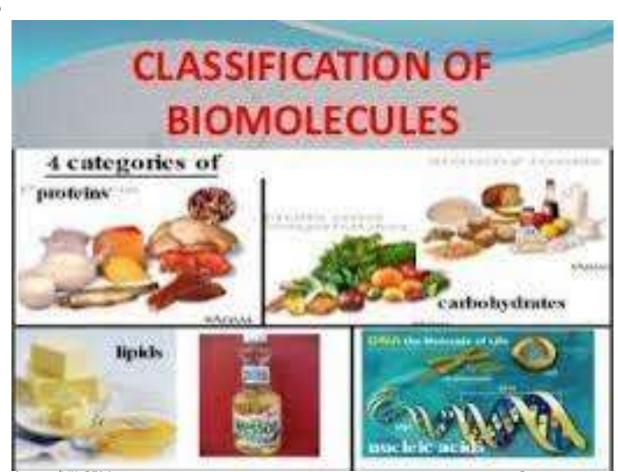






CLASSIFICATION OF BIOMOLECULES

- The four major types of biomolecules are
- Carbohydrates
- Lipids
- Nucleic acids
- Proteins







CARBOHYDRATES

- Carbohydrates are biomolecules comprising carbon, hydrogen and oxygen atoms.
- They are an important source of energy.
- They are sugars, starch and fibres found in fruits and vegetables. **Bacteria Cell**
- Diagram: Cell Biology
- Fermentation Definition: Eye Structure
- Cell Division: Respiration Meaning

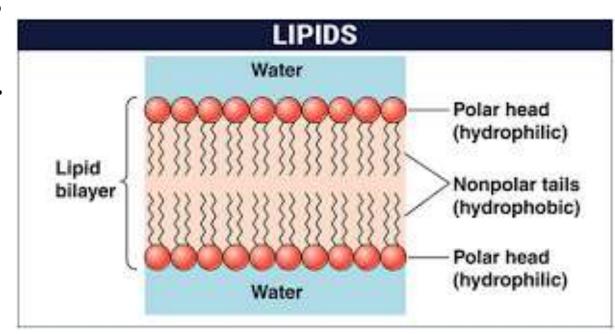






LIPIDS

- Lipids are fatty, waxy, or oily compounds that are soluble in organic solvents and insoluble in polar solvents such as water.
- Lipids include: Fats and oils (triglycerides) Phospholipids.







NUCLEAR ACID

- Nucleic acids are large biomolecules that play essential roles in all cells and viruses.
- A major function of nucleic acids involves the storage and expression of genomic information.
- Deoxyribonucleic acid, or DNA, encodes the information cells need to make proteins.







PROTEINS

- A protein is a naturally occurring, extremely complex substance that consists of amino acid residues joined by peptide bonds.
- Proteins are present in all living organisms and include many essential biological compounds such as enzymes, hormones, and antibodies.









Fill Ups

- Biomolecules have a wide range of _____ and ____ and perform a vast array of functions.
- A major function of nucleic acids involves the _____ and ____ of genomic information.