

## SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore - 641 107



## AN AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTION

Approved by AICTE, New Delhi and Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

## DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

## POWER SYSTEM ANALYSIS UNIT – III STEPPER MOTOR

The case of Constant Perneabilities.

$$L = \text{Coil inductance}$$

$$\psi = \text{flux linkages.}$$

$$\psi = LI$$
The magnetic energy.

$$\text{Alm} = \frac{1}{2} LI^2 - \text{(iv)}$$

$$\text{emb induced in the Coil}$$

$$e = -\Delta \psi$$

$$\Delta t$$

$$e = -\frac{1}{2} \Delta L$$

$$e = -\frac{1}{2} \Delta L$$

$$\Delta t$$

$$\Delta t$$

While done 
$$\Delta P_i$$

$$\Delta P_i = I | e | \Delta t$$

$$= I | -I \Delta L | \Delta t$$

$$= I^2 \Delta L - 2I$$

$$\Delta W_m = \frac{1}{2} \Delta P_i$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} I^2 \Delta L - 22$$

$$\Delta W_m = \int \Delta x$$

$$\int \Delta x = \frac{1}{2} I^2 \Delta L - 23$$

$$\int f = \frac{1}{2} I^2 \Delta L - 23$$

Effects of Mutual induction induced Voltages at each phase our  $e_{1} = -\underline{I}, \frac{\Delta L_{1}}{\Delta t} - \underline{T}_{2} \frac{\Delta M}{\Delta t} - \underline{G}$   $e_{2} = -\underline{T}_{2} \frac{\Delta L_{2}}{\Delta t} - \underline{T}_{1} \frac{\Delta M}{\Delta t}$ e, = Induced Voltages & phase / L1 2 Inductance & phase

M. Mutual inductance between the

$$\Delta P_{i} = (-e_{1}I_{1} + e_{2}I_{2}) \Delta t$$

$$= I_{1}^{2} \Delta L_{1} + I_{2}^{2} \Delta L_{2} + 2I_{1}I_{2} \Delta M - 2I_{1}$$

$$\Delta Wm = \frac{1}{2} \left( I_1^2 \Delta L_1 + I_2^2 \Delta L_2 \right) + I_1 I_2 \Delta m$$

$$(\Delta U_m)\Delta P_0 = T\Delta \theta$$

$$T\Delta \theta = \frac{1}{2} \left( I_1^2 \Delta L_1 + I_2^2 \Delta L_2 \right) + I_1 I_2 \Delta M$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} \underline{T_1^2} \frac{\partial L_1}{\partial 0} + \frac{1}{2} \underline{T_2^2} \frac{\partial L_2}{\partial 0} + \underline{T_1 T_2} \frac{\partial M}{\partial 0} \underline{Q}$$