



SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore – 641 107

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

COURSE NAME: 190E201-Blockchain Technology

IV YEAR /VII SEMESTER

Unit 3- ETHEREUM

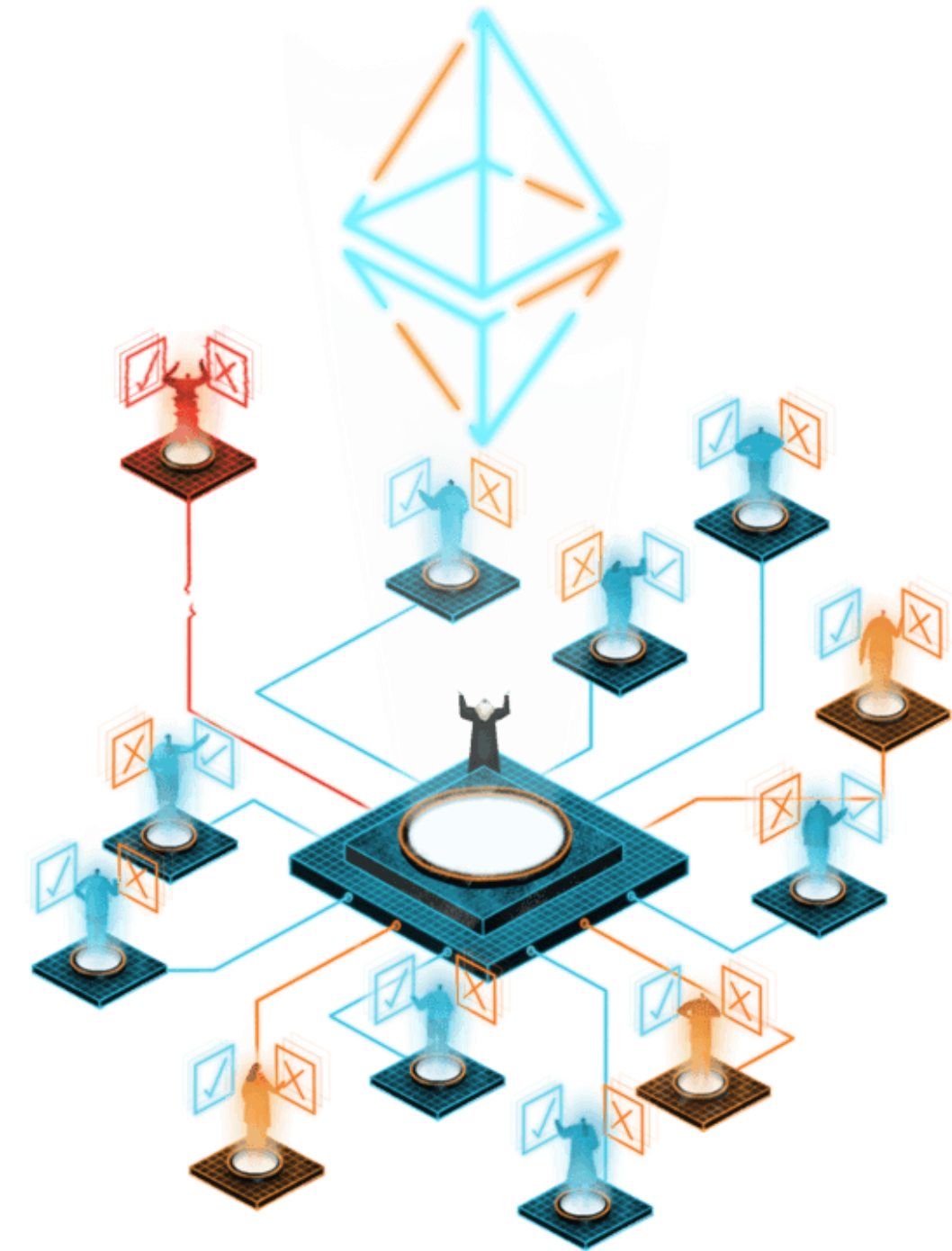
Topic : Ethereum – DAPPs



Decentralized autonomous organizations (DAOs)



- Member-owned communities without centralized leadership.
- A safe way to collaborate with internet strangers.
- A safe place to commit funds to a specific cause.



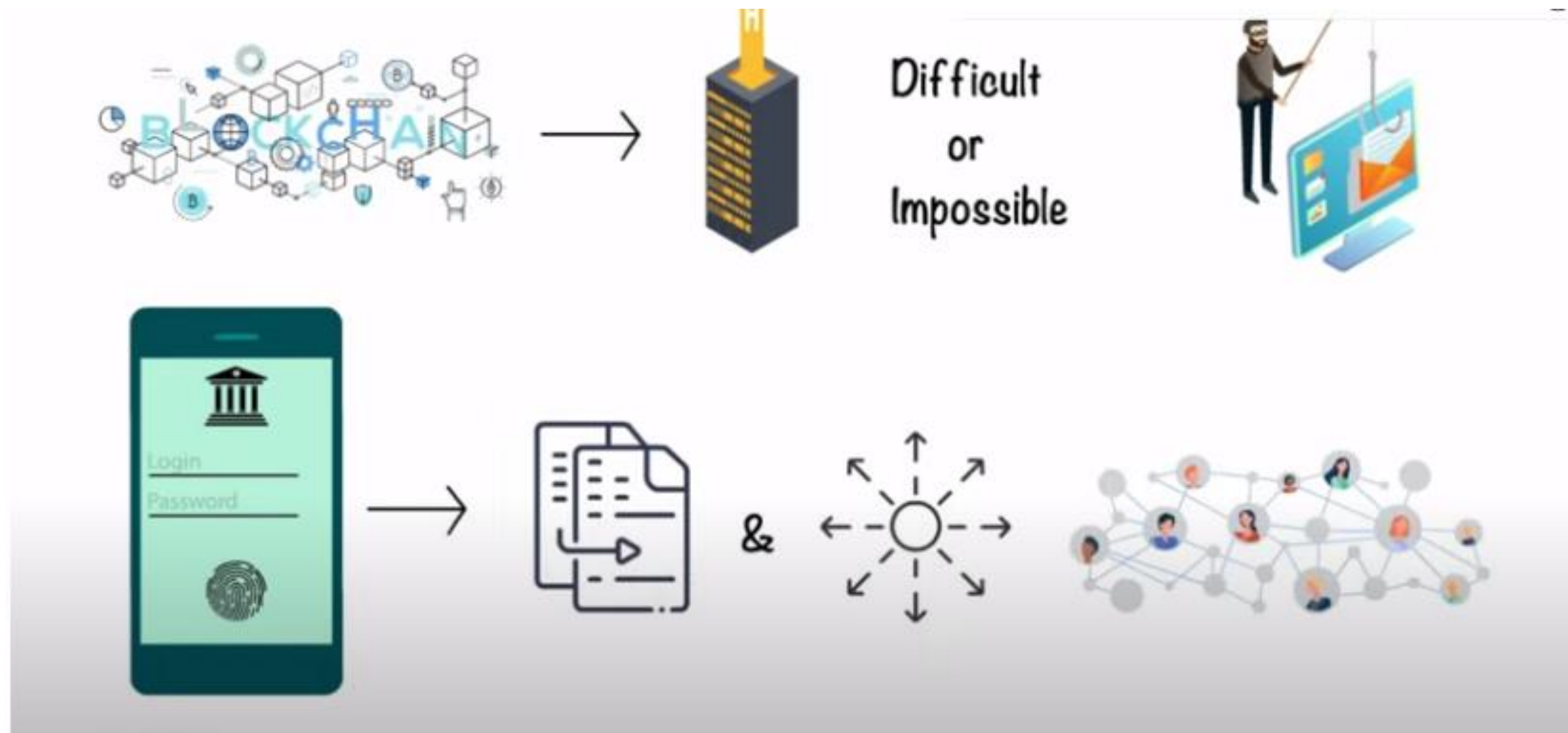


Ethereum - DAPPs

- A DAO is a collectively-owned, blockchain-governed organization working towards a shared mission.
- DAOs allow us to work with like-minded folks around the globe without trusting a benevolent leader to manage the funds or operations.
- There is no CEO who can spend funds on a whim or CFO who can manipulate the books.
- They have built-in treasuries that no one has the authority to access without the approval of the group.
- Decisions are governed by proposals and voting to ensure everyone in the organization has a voice, and everything happens transparently on-chain.

Need of DAOs

- With DAOs you don't need to trust anyone else in the group, just the DAO's code, which is 100% transparent and verifiable by anyone.





DAPPs



- A [decentralized application](#) – or dapp – is like a digital app found on any smartphone or laptop, with the additional feature of employing [blockchain technology](#) to keep users' data out of the hands of the organizations behind it..
- Dapps are also commonly open source, meaning that anyone can view and use the underlying code.
- Decentralized autonomous organizations, or [DAOs](#), can be seen as a kind of dapp.



DAPPs



- A Dapp consists of a backing code that runs on a distributed peer-to-peer network.
- It is a software designed to work in the Ethereum network without being controlled by a centralized system,
- it provides direct interaction between the end-users and the decentralized application providers.
- An application qualifies as a Dapp when it is open-source (its code is on Github), and it uses a public blockchain-based token to run its applications.
- A token acts as fuel for the decentralized application to run.
- Dapp allows the backend code and data to be decentralized, and that is the primary architecture of any Dapp.



References



TEXT BOOKS

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3. <https://101blockchains.com/blockchain-vs-database-the-difference/>

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3. Arvind Narayanan, “Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction”, Princeton University Press, July 19, 2016.
4. Henning Diedrich, Ethereum: Block chains, Digital Assets, Smart Contracts, Decentralized Autonomous Organizations-2016

Thank You