







Kurumbapalayam(Po), Coimbatore - 641 107 Accredited by NAAC-UGC with 'A' Grade Approved by AICTE, Recognized by UGC & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

Department of Information Technology

Course Name – IT8075 Software Project Management

IV Year / VII Semester

Unit 4 – Project Management and Control

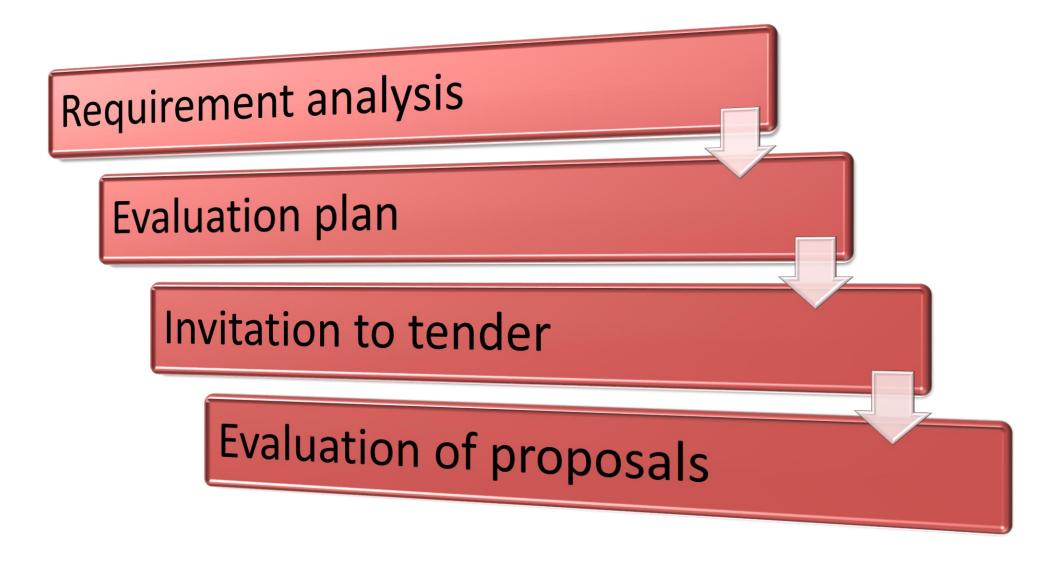
Topic 9 – Contract Management







Stages in contract placement

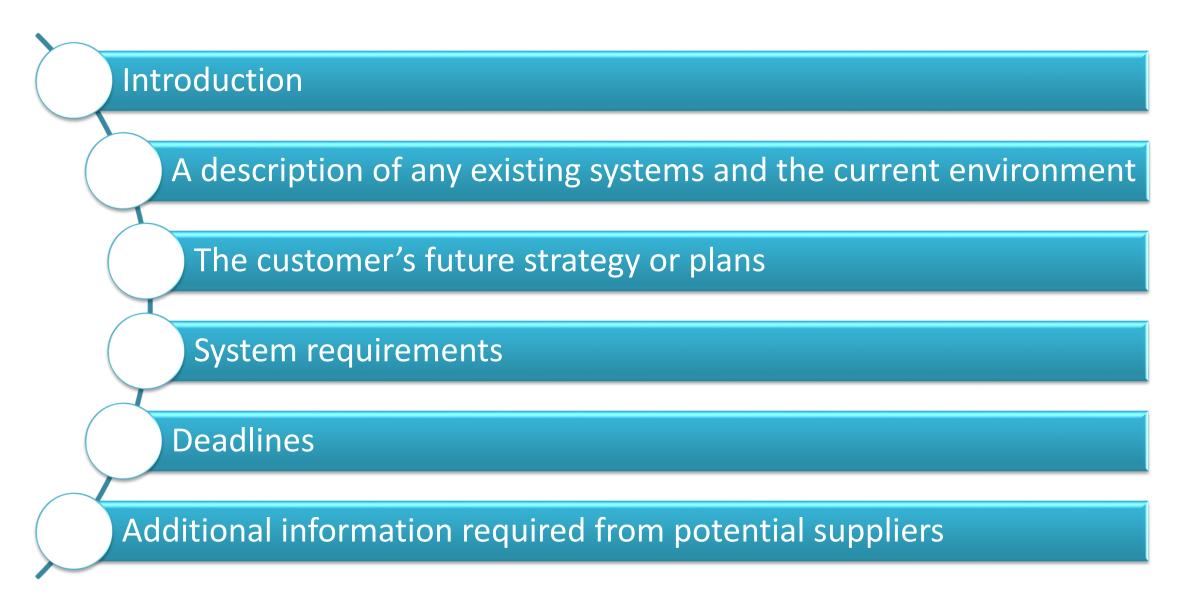






Requirement Analysis

- Clear set of requirements must be prepared
- Requirements document must be prepared
- It contains the following







Requirement formally includes

- functions in software, with necessary inputs and outputs
- standards to be adhered to
- other applications with which software is to be compatible
- quality requirements e.g. response times

Requirements needs to be identified as either mandatory or desirable Mandatory

• If a proposal does not meet this requirement then the proposal is to be rejected

Contract Management / IT8075 SPM / Sivagami R / IT/SNSCE

Desirable

A proposal may be deficient but other features of the proposal could compensate for this







Evaluation Plan

- How are proposals to be evaluated?
- Ways of checking mandatory requirements are met need to be identified
- How desirable requirements can be evaluated?
- Need to assess value for money (VFM) for each desirable feature
- VFM approach an improvement on previous emphasis on accepting lowest bid





Invitation to tender

- After produced requirements and evaluation plan, is to issue the invitation to the tender to prospective suppliers.
- Requirement document with supporting letter
- Note that bidder is making an offer in response to ITT
- acceptance of offer creates a contract
- Customer may need further information
- Problem of different technical solutions to the same problem





Memoranda of agreement (MoA)

- Customer asks for technical proposals
- Technical proposals are examined and discussed
- Agreed technical solution in MoA
- Tenders are then requested from suppliers based in MoA
- Tenders judged on price
- Fee could be paid for technical proposals by customer

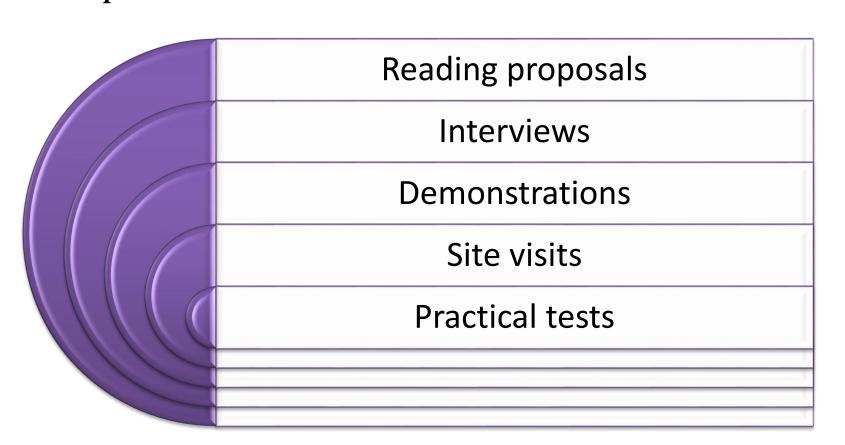




Evaluation of proposal

- This reduces risk of requirements being missed
- Ensures all the proposals treated consistently

The process of evaluation include



Based on evaluation process,

- Decision made to award the contract to a supplier
- Successful and successful candidates notified of decision





Typical terms of contract

Definitions

- what words mean precisely
- e.g. 'supplier', 'user', 'application

Form of agreement

- is this a contract for a sale or a lease, or a license to use a software application?
- Can the license be transferred?

Goods and services to be supplied

- Equipment and software to be supplied
- E.G. Training, documentation, installation, maintenance agreement

Ownership of software

• Who has ownership of software? Can client sell software to others? Can supplier sell software to others? Does supplier retain the copyright?

Environment

• where equipment is to be installed, who is responsible for various aspects of site preparation e.g. electricity supply?





Typical terms of contract

Customer
commitments

- Customer may have to provide accommodation to supplier
- Other facilities like telephone line, internet etc

Acceptance procedures

• Accept a delivered system only after user acceptance testing

Standards

- Standards with which goods and services comply
- Supplier to conform to the ISO 12207 etc.

Project and quality management

- Arrangements form management of the project must be agreed.
- Frequency and nature of progress meetings

Timetable

• Schedule of when key parts of project should be completed





Typical terms of contract

Price and payment method

• Price must be agreed. When payments are to be made

Miscellaneous legal requirements

• Definitions of terms used in contract, legal jurisdictions that will apply to contract, liabilities to damage to third parties, liquidated damages, arbitration, alternate dispute resolution.





Contract Management

- Forms of communication between supplier and customer specified in contract.
- Decision point or milestones to met or not
- Quality of contract work ensure quality met or not. Involves verification validation and quality assurance.
- Change control procedure agreed changes to be documented, supplier agreement to change and cost of additional work agreed and recorded
- Acceptance customer needs to arrange acceptance testing, part of or all of the payment to supplier depend on acceptance testing
- Period of warranty during which supplier should fix any errors found for free.





THANK YOU