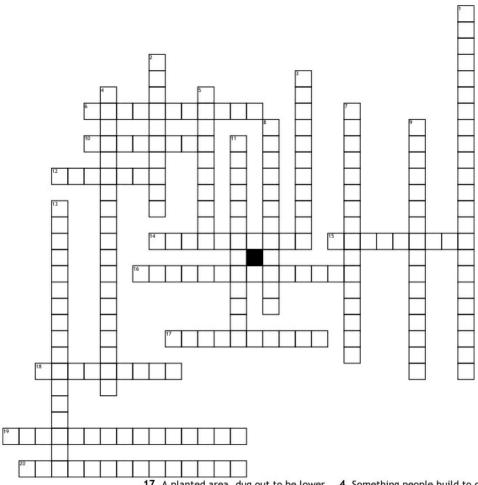
Name:	Date:

Water resources



Across

- **6.** If you don't get your drinking water from a river or reservoir, you probably get it from here
- 10. When rain water seeps underground into an aquifer
- 12. A specific body of underground water
- 14. Certification that a product meets a certain level of water efficiency. This is to water what EnergyStar is to electricity 15. Water can flow through a material
- 15. Water can flow through a material (adj.). Example: a grassy field
 16. A planted area, using grasses, shrubs, and/or trees, that slows down and soaks up stormwater before it reaches a stream or river
- 17. A planted area, dug out to be lower than the surrounding area, where stormwater can pool and slowly infiltrate into the ground. Often uses native plants
- 18. An area of land that drains to a particular body of water on the surface 19. A body of water underneath of an
- impermeable layer

 20. A special type of pavement that water can flow through. Also called permeable pavement

Down

- 1. Where most of South Jersey gets it's drinking water
- 2. A container for holding water that falls on your roof and flows through the gutter. Often used for gardening
- 3. Water cannot flow through a material (adj.). Example: a parking lot

- **4.** Something people build to capture runoff from an impermeable surface, using natural processes
- 5. The highest point of the groundwater, closest to the surface 7. Rain water that flows over the surface, often into a stormdrain, to a
- local stream and ultimately to the ocean 8. An impermeable layer underground that water cannot easily pass through
- 9. The total area underground that is filled with water
- 11. Using native plants that are accustomed to your area's climate, and therefore don't need much extra watering. Also called xeriscaping, from the Greek "xeri" meaning dry
- 13. A body of underground water close to the surface