



Tenses: Past, Present, and Future

1. Present Tense (वर्तमान काल - Vartamaan Kaal)

Key Points:

- **Usage:** Used to describe actions happening now or routines/habits.
- **Sentence Structure:**
 - **Subject + Verb Root + Ending.**
- **Endings:** Based on the subject and gender. Common endings for "to do" (करना - karna):
 - **Male Singular:** करता (karta)
 - **Female Singular:** करती (karti)
 - **Plural (Male or Mixed):** करते (karte)
 - **Plural (Female):** करती (karti)

Examples:

- **I eat.** – मैं खाता हूँ (main khaata hoon) [male] / मैं खाती हूँ (main khaati hoon) [female]
- **You write.** – तुम लिखते हो (tum likhte ho)
- **We study.** – हम पढ़ते हैं (hum padhte hain)

Remember:

- Verb endings depend on the subject's gender and number.
 - Use हूँ, हो, है, हैं (hoon, ho, hai, hain) to indicate "is/are/am."
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2. Past Tense (भूतकाल - Bhoot Kaal)

Key Points:

- **Usage:** Describes actions completed in the past.
- **Sentence Structure:**
 - **Subject + Verb Root + Past Ending.**
- **Endings:** Common endings for "to do" (करना - karna):
 - **Male Singular:** किया (kiya)
 - **Female Singular:** की (kee)
 - **Male/Mixed Plural:** किए (kiye)



Examples:

- **I ate.** – मैंने खाया (maine khaya) [male] / मैंने खाई (maine khai) [female]
- **They wrote.** – उन्होंने लिखा (unhone likha)
- **We studied.** – हमने पढ़ा (humne padha)

Remember:

- Past tense sentences often use the helping word **ने (ne)** after the subject.
- Pay attention to gender and number for verb endings.

3. Future Tense (भविष्यकाल - Bhavishya Kaal)

Key Points:

- **Usage:** Describes actions that will happen in the future.
- **Sentence Structure:**
 - **Subject + Verb Root + Future Ending.**
- **Endings:** Common endings for "to do" (करना - karna):
 - **Male Singular:** करेगा (karega)
 - **Female Singular:** करेगी (karegi)
 - **Plural (Male or Mixed):** करेंगे (karenge)
 - **Plural (Female):** करेंगी (karengi)

Examples:

- **I will eat.** – मैं खाऊँगा (main khaonga) [male] / मैं खाऊँगी (main khaongee) [female]
- **You will write.** – तुम लिखोगे (tum likhoge)
- **We will study.** – हम पढ़ेंगे (hum padhenge)

Remember:

- Future tense endings vary based on gender and plurality.
- Verbs in future tense indicate intentions or plans for upcoming actions.