

UNIT II SPUR GEARS AND HELICAL GEARS

- 1 State law of gearing and summarize how interference can be avoided in gear.
- 2 Name the profiles of spur gear. List the various methods of manufacturing gears.
- 3 Describe the following (i) Pressure angle (ii) Diametrical pitch (iii) module
- 4 List the different types of gear mechanism.
- 5 Describe backlash. What factors influence backlash?
- 6 Explain undercutting in gears.
- 7 Why is gear tooth subjected to dynamic load?
- 8 Classify the main types of gear tooth failure?
- 9 Why dedendum value is more than addendum value?
- 10 Integrate the materials commonly used for gears.
- 11 Differentiate involute and cycloid profiles
- 12 Mention the advantages of non metallic gears.
- 13 How does failure by pitting happen in gears?
- 14 How number of teeth affects the design of gears?
- 15 Specify the conditions based on which gear cutters are selected?
- 16 Identify the forces and stresses that act on spur gear tooth? give their expressions
- 17 Label (a) addendum (b) flank in simple sketch of a gear tooth
- 18 State the advantages and disadvantages of helical and herringbone Gear.
- 19 Name four important elements in chain
- 20 Define chordal action in chain drives? Name a company that produces driving chain.