

SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore – 641 107

An Autonomous Institution

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND DATA SCIENCE

COURSE NAME: 23MCT002 INDIAN CONSTITUTION

I YEAR /II SEMESTER

Unit II- SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT

Topic: PRESIDENTIAL SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT

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In a presidential system, the head of the government leads an executive, that is distinct from the legislature. Here, the head of the government and the head of the state are one and the same. Also, a key feature is that the executive is not responsible to the legislature. Features of the Presidential System.

- The executive (President) can veto acts by the legislature.
- The President has a fixed tenure and cannot be removed by a vote of no confidence in the legislature.
- Generally, the President has the power to pardon or commute judicial sentences awarded to criminals.





- The President is elected directly by the people or by an electoral college. The advantages of the presidential system are given below:
- Separation of powers: Efficiency of administration is greatly enhanced since the three arms of the government are independent of each other.
- Expert government: Since the executive need not be legislators, the
 President can choose experts in various fields to head relevant
 departments or ministries. This will make sure that people who are
 capable and knowledgeable form part of the government.





- Stability: This type of government is stable. Since the term of the
 president is fixed and not subject to majority support in the legislative,
 he need not worry about losing the government. There is no danger of a
 sudden fall of the government. There is no political pressure on the
 president to make decisions.
- Less influence of the party system: Political parties do not attempt to dislodge the government since the tenure is fixed.





The disadvantages of the presidential system are given below:

- Less responsible executive: Since the legislature has no hold over the executive and the president, the head of the government can turn authoritarian.
- Deadlocks between executive and legislature: Since there is a more strict separation of powers here, there can be frequent tussles between both arms of the government, especially if the legislature is not dominated by the president's political party. This can lead to an erosion in efficiency because of wastage of time.
- Rigid government: Presidential systems are often accused of being rigid. It lacks flexibility.

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Spoils system: The system gives the president sweeping powers of patronage. Here, he can choose executives as per his will. This gives rise to the spoils system where people close to the president (relatives, business associates, etc.) get roles in the government.









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