

SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore – 641 107

An Autonomous Institution

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

COURSE NAME : 23CST207 - DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

II YEAR / IV SEMESTER

Unit 2- Relational Model

Topic 3: Relational Algebra



Relational Query Languages



- <u>Query languages</u>: Allow manipulation and retrieval of data from a database.
- Relational model supports simple, powerful QLs:
 - Strong formal foundation based on logic.
 - Allows for much optimization.
- Query Languages != programming languages!
 - QLs not expected to be "Turing complete".
 - QLs not intended to be used for complex calculations.
 - QLs support easy, efficient access to large data sets.





- Two mathematical Query Languages form the basis for "real" languages (e.g. SQL), and for implementation:
 - –<u>Relational Algebra</u>: More operational(procedural), very useful for representing execution plans.
 - <u>Relational Calculus</u>: Lets users describe what they want, rather than how to compute it. (Non-operational, <u>declarative</u>.)



Relational Algebra



- Basic operations:
 - <u>Selection</u> () Selects a subset of rows from relation.
 - <u>Projection</u> () Deletes unwanted columns from relation.
 - <u>*Cross-product*</u> () Allows us to combine two relations.
 - <u>Set-difference</u> () Tuples in reln. 1, but not in reln. 2.
 - <u>Union</u> () Tuples in reln. 1 and in reln. 2.
- Additional operations:
 - Intersection, *join*, division, renaming: Not essential, but (very!) useful.











T1





	sid	sname	rating	age
T2	22	dustin	7	45.0
	31	lubber	8	55.5
	58	rusty	10	35.0

EXAMPLE

m	0
T	3

sid	sname	rating	age
28	yuppy	9	35.0
31	lubber	8	55.5
44	guppy	5	35.0
58	rusty	10	35.0



Union, Intersection, Set-Difference



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A CONTRACTOR	5	sid	sname	rating	age
		22	dustin	7	45.0
T2		31	lubber	8	55.5
		58	rusty	10	35.0

			-	
	<u>sid</u>	sname	rating	age
T3	28	yuppy	9	35.0
10	31	lubber	8	55.5
	44	guppy	5	35.0
	58	rusty	10	35.0

sid	sname	rating	age		
22	dustin	7	45.0		
T2-T3					

sid	sname	rating	age
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 $T2 \cup T3$

sid	sname	rating	age
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 $T2 \cap T3$



Evaluation



What are the basic operation ?

a)_____ b)_____ c)_____ Answer a) <u>Selection</u>

b) <u>Projection</u>

c) <u>Union</u>



REFERENCES



- Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudharshan, Database System Concepts||, Sixth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.
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- Raghu Ramakrishnan, —Database Management Systems||, Fourth Edition, McGraw-Hill College Publications, 2015.

THANK YOU