

SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore – 641 107

An Autonomous Institution

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND DESIGN

COURSE NAME: 19EE01 BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

I YEAR /II SEMESTER - COMPUTER SCIENCE AND DESIGN

Unit 1 – Electrical Circuits and Measurements

Topic 6 : Principle of Moving coil instruments





MEASURING INSTRUMENTS



I have two electrical supply as Alternating current and Direct current. Can I use same instrument for measuring the two supply?



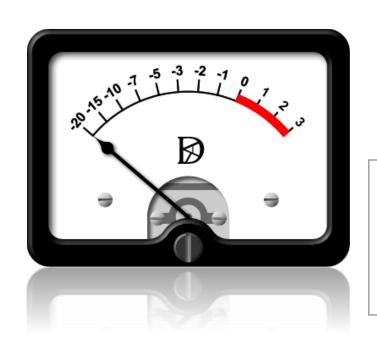






TYPES OF MOVING COIL INSTRUMENTS





Moving coil instruments

Permanent magnet type
DC only

Electrodynamometer type AC & DC

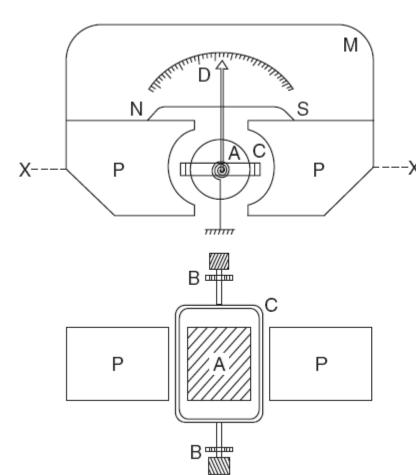


PMMC Instruments



Principle

"when a current-carrying conductor is placed in a x--- magnetic field, it is acted upon by a force which tends to move it to one side and out of the field".



M = Permanent magnet

PP = Soft iron pole pieces

A = Soft iron cylinder (central core)

C = Rectangular coil

B = Spiral springs

D = pointer



Deflecting torque.

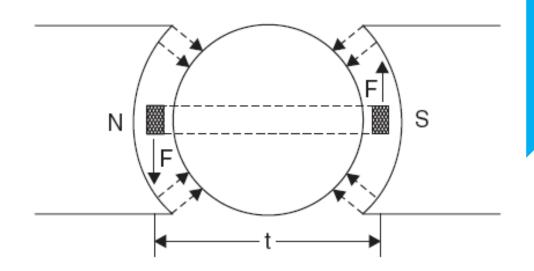


F = BIl newton

- B = flux density in WB/m2, and
- l = length or depth of coil in metres.

Deflecting torque (Td)

- = force × perpendicular distance
- $= NBII \times b = NBI (1 \times b) = NBIA Nm$



Controlling torque (Tc) = deflecting torque (Td) Hence $c\theta = kI$



COMPARISION



ADVANTAGES

- (i) Low power consumption.
- (ii) Their scales are uniform.
- (iii) No hysteresis loss.

DISADVANTAGES

- (i) Somewhat costlier as compared to moving-iron instruments.
- (ii) Cannot be used for A.C. measurements.
- (iii) Friction and temperature might introduce errors as in case of other instruments.





ASSESSMENT 1



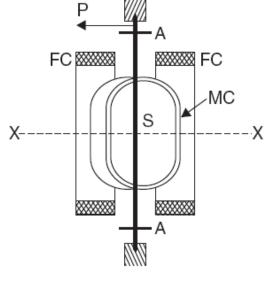
- 1. when a current-carrying conductor is placed in a ______, it is acted upon by a force which tends to move it to one side and out of the field".
- 2. Mention the advantages and disadvantages of PMMC coil instrument

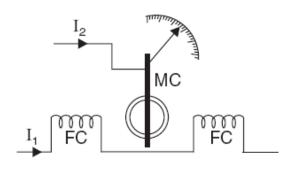
S.No	Advantages	Dis-advantages

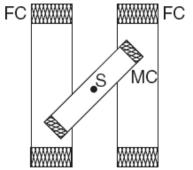


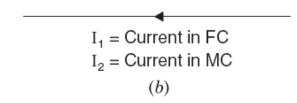
Dynamometer Instruments











In an electro-dynamic instrument the operating field is produced by another fixed coil and not by permanent magnet.

FC = Field coils (divided into two halves)

MC = Moving coils

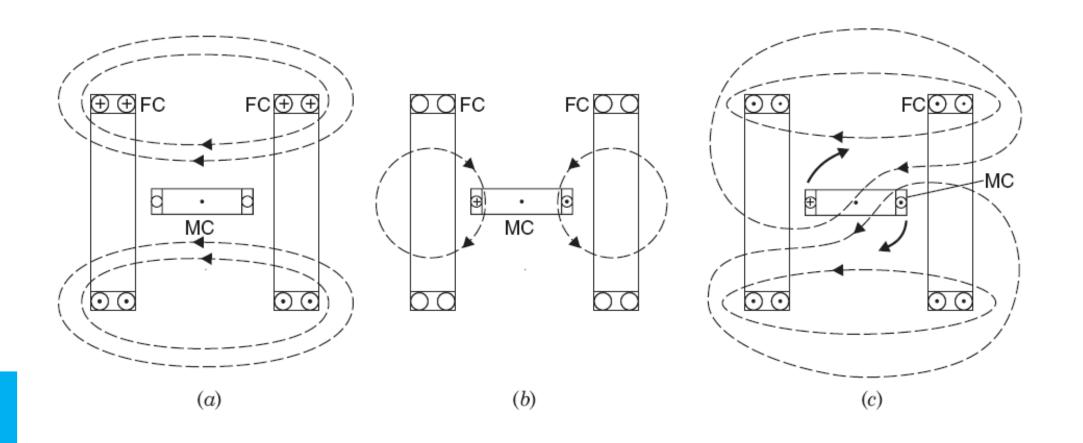
S = Spindle

A = Spiral hair springs



MAGNETIC FIELDS







COMPARISION OF DYNAMOMETER TYPE



Advantages:

- Can be used on both D.C. as well as A.C. systems.
- They are free from hysteresis and eddy current errors.

Disadvantages:

- Since torque/weight ratio is small, such instruments have low sensitivity.
- The scale is not uniform because $\theta \propto I$.
- Cost of these instruments is higher in comparison to those of moving iron instruments.



Assessment 2



1. List down the parts of Dynamometer type moving coil instrument.



•_____

•_____

2. List the Advantages and Dis-advantages of Dynamometer type moving coil instrument.

S.No	Advantages	Dis-advantages



REFERENCES



- 1. Bhattacharya. S.K, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Pearson Education, (2017)
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THANK YOU