

# **SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING**

Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore – 641 107

### **An Autonomous Institution**

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

# **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND DESIGN**

## COURSE NAME : 19MC003 ESSENCE OF INDIAN TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE

III YEAR / VI SEMESTER

Unit II- Protection of traditional knowledge

Topic 5: Role of Government to harness TK



Role of Government to harness TK / 19MC003 ESSENCE OF INDIAN TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE /HARIBABU.S/CSD/SNSCE









#### Why Government Involvement is Essential

•Protection of Intellectual Property: Safeguarding TK from exploitation and misappropriation.

•**Promotion of Sustainable Practices:** Encouraging eco-friendly and traditional agricultural methods.

•Economic Development: Utilizing TK to boost industries like healthcare, tourism, and handicrafts.

•Cultural Preservation: Supporting indigenous communities in maintaining and passing down their heritage.







#### **Government Initiatives for TK Protection**

•Legal Frameworks: Implementing laws like the Nagoya Protocol and national intellectual property rights (IPR) policies.

•Traditional Knowledge Digital Libraries (TKDLs): Documenting TK to prevent biopiracy.

•Funding & Grants: Providing financial support for research and sustainable development projects.

•Community Empowerment Programs: Involving indigenous groups in decision-making processes







#### **Role of Government in TK Commercialization**

•Fair Trade & Benefit Sharing: Ensuring indigenous communities receive fair compensation.

•Encouraging Startups & Enterprises: Supporting small businesses that utilize TK-based products.

•Integration with Global Markets: Facilitating exports and partnerships with international companies.

•Research & Development (R&D) Investment: Funding innovation while maintaining TK authenticity







#### **Case Studies & Success Stories**

•India's Traditional Knowledge Digital Library (TKDL): Preventing unauthorized patents on TK-based medicine.

•Kani Tribe & Jeevani Drug (India): Revenue-sharing model benefiting indigenous knowledge holders.

•San People & Hoodia Plant (South Africa): Fair compensation agreement for medicinal plant-based products.

•New Zealand's Māori IP Protection: Legal measures securing TK-based business opportunities.

•Peru's Indigenous Bioeconomy Initiatives: Supporting sustainable TKdriven enterprises







#### **Challenges in Government Efforts**

Legal Complexities: Difficulty in applying standard IP laws to TK.
Biopiracy & Unauthorized Use: Challenges in enforcing TK protections globally.

•Community Awareness & Participation: Ensuring indigenous groups have a voice in policy decisions.

•Balancing Modernization with Tradition: Maintaining authenticity while allowing innovation







#### **Future Roadmap for Government Policies**

Strengthening international collaborations for TK protection.
Encouraging more inclusive economic opportunities for indigenous communities.

Expanding TK documentation efforts with digital tools and AI.
Promoting education programs on TK's significance in schools and research institutions









Thank you.....

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