

SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

Kurumbapalayam (Po), Coimbatore – 641 107

An Autonomous Institution

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND DESIGN

COURSE NAME : 19MC003 ESSENCE OF INDIAN TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE

III YEAR / VI SEMESTER

 $Unit\ IV\mathchar`-$ Traditional knowledge and intellectual property

Topic 1: Traditional knowledge and intellectual property



Traditional knowledge and intellectual property / 19MC003 ESSENCE OF INDIAN TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE /HARIBABU.S/CSD/SNSCE









Introduction

- •Definition of Traditional Knowledge (TK)
- •Importance of protecting TK
- •Role of Intellectual Property (IP) in safeguarding TK

The Link Between Traditional Knowledge and Intellectual Property

•TK as a valuable intangible asset
•IP laws used to protect TK (Patents, Copyrights, Trademarks, Geographical Indications, Trade Secrets)
•Challenges in applying conventional IP laws to TK







International Legal Frameworks for TK Protection

Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) (1992) - Access and Benefit Sharing (ABS)
Nagoya Protocol (2010) - Strengthening the ABS principle
World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) - Traditional Knowledge and Folklore Division
UNESCO and Traditional Cultural Expressions (TCEs)







Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) and TK Protection

Patents: Issues with patenting indigenous knowledge
Copyrights: Protecting traditional literature, art, and music
Trademarks: Protecting traditional symbols and product names
Geographical Indications (GI): Protecting region-specific traditional products (e.g., Darjeeling tea, Basmati rice)
Trade Secrets: Confidential TK used in traditional medicine and crafts







Challenges in Protecting TK Through IP Laws

Defining ownership of TK
Conflict between customary laws and formal IP systems
Documentation vs. oral traditions
Ensuring fair and equitable benefit-sharing
Cross-border protection issues







Solutions and Future Directions

Developing sui generis (customized) legal systems for TK protection
Strengthening community participation in policymaking
Using digital tools like TKDL for defensive protection
Promoting awareness and capacity-building initiatives
Enhancing international cooperation on TK governance









Thank you.....

3/20/2025

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