



**TOPIC**: 11.Chi square distribution for attributes

Chi-Square Test for Independence of

Attribute means quality or charactering of drinking, blind ness, honesty, softness etc. Attribute can be marked inits present or absence in a number of given population. The frequency is given by 2x2 contigency table.

a b a+b dof: = (r-i)(s-i)

C d c+d

A+C b+d N





Expected frequency. E(a) = (a+c)(a+b) E(b) = (b+d)(a+b)E(c) = (a+c)(c+d) E(d) = (b+d)(c+d)

Dona the basic of information given below about the treatment of 200 pations. Suffering from a disease, state who they the new treatment is comparatively superior to the conventional treatment.

Favourable Not favorable Total

New 60 30 90

Comentional 40 40 110

Ho: NO difference between new and conventional treatment. (Attributes are in dependent.

Dof: (8-1)(S-1) = (2-1)(2-1) = 1





Expected frequency - 
$$E(30) = \frac{90 \times 100}{200} = 45$$
 $E(60) = \frac{90 \times 100}{200} = 45$ 
 $E(10) = \frac{100 \times 110}{200} = 55$ 
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Test Statistics: 
$$P^2 = (0-E)^2 = 18.18$$

Critical value:  $d = 5.00$  dof: 1.

 $P_2^2 = 3.841$ 

Conclusion:  $18.18 > 3.841$ .

Ho rejected.







