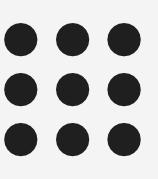




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Department of Artificial Intelligence and Data Science 23ITT203 Object Oriented Software Engineering







DevOps: Motivation-Cloud as a platform-Operations





What is DevOps?



- DevOps = Development + Operations
 - It is a set of practices that combines software development (Dev) and IT operations (Ops) to:
- Shorten the development cycle
- Deliver software faster and more reliably
- Ensure better collaboration between teams



Why DevOps? (Motivation)



DevOps Solution

Developers and Operations work in silos

Brings both teams together

Slow delivery of updates

Automates build, test, deploy

More bugs in production

Continuous testing and monitoring

Hard to scale

Uses tools to manage infrastructure easily



Example



Imagine a team builds a food delivery app.

- Without DevOps: Developers finish coding, then "throw it over the wall" to operations. This leads to delays, bugs, and blame games.
- With DevOps: Developers and operations work together, use automated testing and deployment, and deliver updates quickly.



Cloud as a Platform



What is Cloud?

Cloud computing = Using remote servers via the internet to store, manage, and process data instead of using local computers.

Cloud as a DevOps Platform

Cloud platforms like AWS, Azure, Google Cloud offer:

On-demand resources (you pay for what you use)

Scalable infrastructure (auto-scale when needed)

DevOps tools (CI/CD, monitoring, containers)



Example



Suppose you're building an e-commerce site.

- Without Cloud: You must buy and set up your own servers.
- With Cloud: You can deploy your app on AWS, scale up during sales, and monitor performance—all automatically.

Cloud + DevOps = Fast & Flexible

- Use GitHub + Jenkins (CI/CD tools)
- Deploy to AWS EC2 or Azure App Services
- Store code and data in the cloud
- Monitor and auto-scale in real time



Operations in DevOps



What is Operations?

Operations involve the **deployment**, **monitoring**, and **maintenance** of software in the production environment.

Key Activities:

- Configuration Management
 - Example: Use **Ansible** to configure all servers the same way.
- Monitoring & Logging
 - Example: Use **Prometheus** or **Datadog** to watch app performance.
- Infrastructure as Code (IaC)
 - Example: Use **Terraform** to write code that builds servers.
- Continuous Deployment
 - Example: As soon as code passes all tests, it's deployed automatically.
- Incident Response
 - If something crashes, Ops team resolves and restores service quickly.









